BS EN 60974-4:2016



Part 4: Periodic inspection and testing



National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 60974-4:2016. It is identical to IEC 60974-4:2016. It supersedes BS EN 60974-4:2011 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technice OV Committee WEE/6, Electric arc welding equipment.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purper to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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Date

Text affected

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November 2016

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	Arc welding equipment - Part 4:	odic inspection and testing
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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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European foreword

2017-05-25 UQES COM 2017-05-25 UQES COM 2017-05-25 UQES COM 2019-7 drawn UQP-4:2011. ility that sor-r CENⁿ The text of document 26/597/FDIS, future edition 3 of IEC 60974-4, prepared by IEC/TC 26 "Electric welding" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 60974-4:2016.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national • standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes

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Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited apples. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any american) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common producations, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the Furopean Standards listed in this annex is available here:

Publication	<u>Year</u>		<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-151	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices	-	-
IEC 60050-195	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 195: Earthing and protection against electric shock	-	-
IEC 60050-851	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Part 851: Electric welding	-	-
IEC 60974-1	2012	Arc welding equipment - Part 1: Welding power sources	EN 60974-1	2012
IEC 60974-6	-	Arc welding equipment - Part 6: Limited duty equipment	EN 60974-6	-
IEC 61140	-	Protection against electric shock - Common aspects for installation and equipment	EN 61140	-
IEC 61557-4	-	Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures - Part 4: Resistance of earth connection and equipotential bonding	EN 61557-4	-

CONTENTS

F	OREWC	RD	3
1	Scop	ne	. []
2	Norm	native references	5
3	Term	is and definitions	5
4	Gene	eral requirements	6
	4.1	Qualification of test personnel	6
	4.2	Test conditions	6
	4.3	Measuring instruments	6
	4.4	Periodic inspection and test	7
	4.5	Maintenance	7
	4.6	Repair	7
	4.7	Test sequence	7
5	Prote	ection against electrical shock	8
	5.1	Visual inspection	8
	5.2	Continuity of the protective circuit	8
	5.3	Insulation resistance	9
	5.4	Welding circuit touch current	9
	5.5	Touch current in normal condition	.10
	5.6	Protective conductor current	.10
	5.7	No-load voltage (U ₀)	.11
6	Func	tional test	.12
	6.1	Function	.12
	6.2	Supply-circuit on/off switching device	.12
	6.3	Voltage-reducing device	.12
	6.4	Magnetic gas valve	.13
_	6.5	Signal and control lamps	.13
1	Docu	imentation	.13
	7.1	Test report	.13
	7.2		.13
Α	nnex A (Informative) Check-list for the visual inspection	.14
A	nnex B ((informative) Example of a test report after repair	.15
A	nnex C	(informative) Equipment not built in accordance with IEC 60974-1	16
Fi	gure 1 -	- Measurement of welding circuit touch current	9
Fi	gure 2 -	- Measurement of touch current in normal condition	.10
Fi	gure 3 -	- Principles of protective conductor current measurement for single phase	11
ec E:	uipmen auro 4	Massurament of pack values	11
r-1	yure 4 -	- measurement of peak values	ΙZ
Та	able 1 –	Test sequence on used arc welding equipment	8
Τa	able 2 –	Insulation resistance	9

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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ARC WELDING EQUIPMENT -	J1
Part 4: Periodic inspection and testing	
FOREWORDNING	

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) has worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC has worldwide organization for standardization comprising international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicy value Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60974-4 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 26: Electric welding.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2010. It constitutes a technical revision.

The main significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition are the following:

- With regard to basic standards the term "leakage current" has been replaced by "touch current" and "protective conductor current".
- Measurements of circuits connected in a non-galvanic way shall be tested according to the information of the manufacturer.
- The order of the chapters dealing with measurements to be carried out has been changed.
- The example test report in Annex B has been adapted.

- 4 -

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
26/597/FDIS	26/603/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found the report on voting indicated in the above table.

₹Ø¢ This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ectives, Part 2.

Nhde The list of all the parts of the IEC 60974 series ne general title Arc welding equipment, can be found on the IEC website. NN

In this standard, the following es are used: **pin**

conformity statements: in italic type.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

ARC WELDING EQUIPMENT -

This part of IEC 60974 specifies test procedures for perturbic inspection and, after repair, to ensure electrical safety. These test procedures are also applicable for maintenance. This standard is applicable to power somes for arc welding and allied pre-accordance with IEC 60974-1 an EC 60974-6. Stand-alone for accordance with other part of IEC 60974 meter requirements of this part of IEC 60974.

NOTE 1 The welding power source can be tested with any ancillary equipment fitted that can affect the test results

This standard is not applicable to testing of new power sources or engine-driven power sources.

NOTE 2 For a power source not built in accordance with IEC 60974-1, see Annex C.

Normative references 2

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-151, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices

IEC 60050-195, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 195: Earthing and protection against electric shock

IEC 60050-851, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 851: Electric welding

IEC 60974-1:2012, Arc welding equipment – Part 1: Welding power sources

IEC 60974-6, Arc welding equipment – Part 6: Limited duty equipment

IEC 61557-4, Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c. – Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures – Part 4: Resistance of earth connection and equipotential bonding

IEC 61140, Protection against electric shock - Common aspects for installation and equipment

3 **Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in the IEC 60050-151, the IEC 60050-195, the IEC 60050-851, the IEC 60974-1, as well as the following, apply.

3.1 expert competent person

skilled person

a person who can judge the work assigned and recognize possible hazards on the base of professional training, knowledge, experience and knowledge of the relevant equipment.

Note 1 to entry: Several years of practice in the relevant technical field may be taken into the deration in assessment of professional training.
[SOURCE: IEC 60974-1:2012, 3.3]
3.2

instructed person
person informed about the tasks associed and about the possible hazards involved in neglectful behaviour

Note 1 to entry: If necessary, the person has undergone some training

[SOURCE: IEC 60974-1:2012, 3.4]

3.3

periodic inspection and test

examination carried out at specified intervals to reduce the risk of hazard

3.4

maintenance

service carried out at specified intervals to reduce the risk of hazard and failure

3.5

repair

restore to a safe and intended operating condition

3.6

test personnel

instructed person or expert that has been trained and authorized to perform periodic inspection and testing

4 **General requirements**

4.1 Qualification of test personnel

Tests of welding equipment can be hazardous and shall be carried out by an instructed person or expert in the field of electrical repair, preferably also familiar with welding, cutting and allied processes. Instructed persons should be considered qualified for simple periodic testing and maintenance provided the equipment enclosure does not have to be opened.

NOTE Hazardous voltages and currents inside the equipment enclosure can cause shock, burn or death. Only expert test personnel can open the equipment.

4.2 **Test conditions**

Tests shall be carried out at an ambient air temperature between 10 °C and 40 °C on dry and cleaned welding equipment.

4.3 **Measuring instruments**

The accuracy of measuring instruments shall be class 2.5 as a minimum, except for the measurement of insulation resistance, where the accuracy of the instruments is not specified but shall be taken into account for the measurement.

4.4 Periodic inspection and test

The periodic inspection and test specified in Table 1 shall be carried out.

Linear in a test report in accordance with 7.1. During the tests, complementary instructions from the manufacturer shall be decided. **4.5 Maintenance** The manufacturer's maintenance schedule and instructions shall be followed. Tests shall be documented in a test report.

Tests shall be documented in a test report in coordance with 7.1. 4.6 Repair

After repair or replacement of a component which restores a welding or cutting function, an expert shall select appropriate tests to be carried out, as specified in Table 1.

NOTE After a minor repair such as replacement of a lamp, wheel or under carriage, the tests given in Table 1 may not be necessary.

Tests shall be documented in a test report in accordance with 7.1.

During the tests, complementary instructions from the manufacturer shall be observed (for example, circuit diagrams, spare part list, functional test of power source and ancillary equipment, etc.).

4.7 **Test sequence**

The test sequence is given in Table 1.

	Periodic inspection and test		After repair		
a)	Visual inspection in accordance with 5.1	a)	Visual inspection in accordance with 5.1		
b) c)	 Electrical test: protective conductor resistance in accordance with 5.2 insulation resistance in accordance with 5.3 (Optional: welding circuit touch current in accordance with 5.4, touch current in normal condition^b in accordance with 5.5 and protective conductor current in accordance with 5.6)^a no-load voltage in accordance with 572WW Functional test: no requirement 	b) N c)	 Electrical test: protective conductor resistance to occordance with 5.2 insulation resigning in accordance with 5.3 (Optional weight circuit touch current in accordance with 5.4, touch current in normal control with 5.4, touch current in normal control in accordance with 5.5 and votective conductor current in accordance with 5.6)^a no-load voltage in accordance with 5.7 Functional test: function in accordance with 6.1 supply-circuit on/off switching device in accordance with 6.2 voltage-reducing device in accordance with 6.3 magnetic gas valve in accordance with 6.4 signal and control lamps in accordance with 6.5 		
d)	Documentation in accordance with Clause 7	d)	Documentation in accordance with Clause 7		
а	If the insulation resistance test cannot be carried out for without disconnection of any compon equipment to be tested (e.g. interference suppression networks, protection capacitors or surg component), the insulation resistance test may be replaced by the optional tests specified in i				
b	Only if there are accessible conductive surfaces not o	conn	ected to the protective circuit.		

Table 1 – Test sequence on used arc welding equipment

5 Protection against electrical shock

5.1 Visual inspection

Visual inspection shall be carried out in accordance with the conditions of use of welding equipment and the manufacturer's instructions.

An example of items for a visual inspection is given in Annex A.

5.2 Continuity of the protective circuit

For mains-powered welding equipment of protection class I, including ancillary equipment (for example, cooling system) having mains connecting cables up to a length of 5,0 m, the maximum measured protective conductor resistance shall not exceed 0,3 Ω .

For cables longer than 5,0 m, the permissible value of the protective conductor resistance is increased by 0,1 Ω per additional 7,5 m cable. The maximum permissible value of the protective conductor resistance is 1 Ω .

Conformity shall be checked by measuring the resistance between the protective conductor contact at the plug and exposed conductive parts with testing equipment according to IEC 61557-4.

During the measurement, the cables shall be bent, flexed or twisted along the whole length, especially in the vicinity of cable entries into the enclosure, in order to detect interruptions in the protective conductor.

- 8 -

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- 9 -

2

5.3 Insulation resistance

The insulation resistance shall not be less than the values given in Table 2.

	Ta	ble 2 – Insulation res	istance	c com
Measurem	ent	a	Resistance	Onsulation
Supply circuit	to	welding circuit	5,0 MΩ	ble or reinforced
Welding circuit	to	protective circuit	2,5 M2	Basic
Supply circuit	to	protective circuit	Ρ,5 Μ Ω	Basic
Supply circuit of Class II equipment	to	accessible surfates ^b	5,0 MΩ	Double or reinforced
^a Control circuits are tested toge control circuits separated from al	ther I oth	with the checkit to which her circuls are tested accor	they are galvanical ding to the manufact	ly connected. Accessible urer's specification.
^b For measurement to accessible metal foil.	6	onductive surfaces, such	surfaces shall be cor	isidered to be covered by

Conformity shall be checked by the stabilized measurement of the insulation resistance by application of a d.c. voltage of 500 V at room temperature.

During the measurement, torches shall be disconnected, solid-state electronic components and their protective devices may be short-circuited, and liquid cooling units shall be tested without liquid.

5.4 Welding circuit touch current

The touch current between the welding circuit connections and the protective conductor terminal shall not exceed 10 mA r.m.s.

Conformity shall be checked by visual inspection and measurement of the touch current with a circuit as shown in Figure 1 at the rated supply voltage(s) and no-load condition.

The measuring network shall be connected as shown in Figure 1.



NOTE For class II equipment, use the PE-terminal of earthed supply network.

Figure 1 – Measurement of welding circuit touch current

5.5 Touch current in normal condition

The touch current for accessible conductive surfaces, not connected to the protective circuit, shall not exceed 0,5 mA r.m.s under normal conditions.



Figure 2 – Measurement of touch current in normal condition

Conformity shall be checked as shown in Figure 2.

- a) The welding power source is:
 - isolated from the ground plane;
 - supplied by the highest rated supply voltage;
- b) the welding circuit is in the no-load condition;
- c) interference suppression capacitors are not disconnected.

Protective conductor current 5.6

For class 1 equipment, the protective conductor current shall not exceed 10 mA r.m.s except for equipment with permanent connection by a reinforced protective conductor in accordance with IEC 61140.

Equipment for permanent connection with a reinforced protective conductor may have a leakage current up to 5 % of the rated supply current per phase.

Conformity shall be checked using the measuring circuit as shown in Figure 3 under the following conditions:

- 1) the welding power source is:
 - isolated from the ground plane;
 - supplied by the highest rated supply voltage;
 - not connected to the protective earth except through measurement components;

- 2) the welding circuit is in the no-load condition;
- 3) interference suppression capacitors shall not be disconnected.

The measurement of the protective conductor current may be performed directly or in the form of a difference current measurement (see Figure 3). The tolerance of the component rates in the measurement circuit shall not exceed ± 5 %. Equipment for permanent connection with a reinforced protective conductor shall be tested according to the manufacturer's specification.



Figure 3 – Principles of protective conductor current measurement

for single phase equipment

NOTE Caution! This test is performed by a qualified person.

5.7 No-load voltage (U_0)

The peak values of the maximum no-load voltage at all possible settings of the power source should not be higher than ± 15 % of no-load voltage U_0 and shall not exceed the values given in Table 13 of IEC 60974-1 when the power source is supplied at rated supply voltage and frequency.

Before testing, arc striking and stabilizing devices shall, if necessary, be removed or bypassed according to the manufacturer's instructions (see also instructions for use or manufacturer's testing instructions).

The no-load voltage is measured between welding output terminals. If this is not possible for safety or control reasons, the no-load voltage is measured between torch and welding return cable connection. This test is not required for plasma cutting power sources.

If rated reduced no-load voltage (U_R) or rated switched no-load voltage (U_S) are defined on the rating plate, U_R or U_S shall be measured instead of U_0 .

Conformity shall be checked by measurement of

a) r.m.s. values

A true r.m.s. meter is used with a resistance of the external welding circuit of 5 k Ω .

b) peak values



Figure 4 – Measurement of peak values

The voltmeter shall indicate mean values. The measurement range chosen shall be as near as possible to the actual value of the no-load voltage. The voltmeter shall have an internal resistance of at least 1 M Ω .

The tolerance of the component values in the measurement circuit shall not exceed ± 5 %. The minimum power for the resistor of 0,2 k Ω is 65 W. The rheostat shall withstand a current value of 0,6 A. The capacitors shall have a minimum voltage rating of 200 V.

Functional test 6

6.1 Function

Each safety-related function judged as relevant by the test personnel shall be checked for correct operation.

Conformity shall be checked by operating the device and by checking whether the welding power source operates correctly.

6.2 Supply-circuit on/off switching device

Where an integral supply-circuit on/off switching device (for example, switch, contactor or circuit-breaker) is fitted, this shall:

- a) open or close all ungrounded mains conductors;
- b) clearly indicate whether the circuit is open or closed.

Conformity shall be checked by visual inspection and measurement.

Voltage-reducing device 6.3

Where a voltage-reducing device is fitted, it shall be checked for correct operation.

Conformity shall be checked by measurement of reduced no-load voltage (see 5.7) and visual inspection of indicator in load and no-load condition.

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6.4 Magnetic gas valve

Each magnetic gas valve (for example, TIG, MIG/MAG, plasma power sources), shall be checked for correct operation.

Conformity shall be checked by visual inspection and the following operations of the specified by the manufacturer.
a) Function

Operate the trigger of the torch and check by means of the task for whether the magnetic gas valve operates.

b) Leakage

Pressurize the system and verify the reliable of leak, for example, there is no pressure drop.

NOTE Flexible gas tubes and their competitions can be sources of leake

NOTE Flexible gas tubes and the ctions can be sources of leaks.

6.5 Signal and control amps

Signal or control lamps shall be checked for correct operation if possible.

Conformity shall be checked by visual inspection.

7 Documentation

7.1 **Test report**

The test report shall include

- a) identification of tested arc welding equipment;
- b) date of testing;
- c) supply voltage;
- d) test results;
- e) signature, identification of the test personnel and his organization;
- f) identification of testing equipment.

The test report, after repair, shall include all the tests given in Table 1 and an indication shall be made if a particular test has not been carried out.

An example of a test report is given in Annex B.

7.2 Labelling

A label shall be attached to the equipment to indicate that it has passed the test.

The label shall state the date of testing or recommended date for next inspection depending on local regulation.

– 14 –

Annex A

(informative)

ttp://www.china-gauges.com Check-list for the visual inspection

During visual inspection, the following listed items should be checked.

a) Torch/electrode holder, welding clamp

- missing or defective insulation
- defective connections
- defective, damaged switches
- other damage
- b) Mains supply
 - defective, damaged cable
 - deformed, faulty plug
 - broken or thermally damaged plug pins
 - ineffective cable anchorage
 - · cables and plugs unsuitable for the intended use and performance
- c) Welding circuit
 - defective, damaged cable
 - · deformed, faulty or thermally damaged coupler/sockets
 - ineffective cable anchorage
 - · cables and couplers unsuitable for the intended use and performance
- d) Enclosure
 - missing or damaged parts
 - unauthorized modifications
 - · cooling openings blocked or missing air filters
 - signs of overload and improper use
 - · missing or defective protective devices, for example, gas cylinder holder
 - missing or defective wheels, lifting means, holder, etc.
 - defective wire reel mounting means
 - conductive objects placed in the enclosure
- e) Controls and indicators
 - · defective switches, meters and lamps
 - defective pressure regulator or flowmeter
 - · incorrect fuses accessible from outside the enclosure
- f) General condition
 - excessive dust or pollution
 - cooling liquid circuit leaking or incorrect cooling liquid level
 - defective gas hoses and connections
 - poor legibility of markings and labelling
 - other damage or signs of improper use

Annex B

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Example of a test report after repair Test report Company: Sample Ltd. Location: London Torcing Am 15 B4 Equipment: Arc welding power source Type: Freefried Manufacturer: Freefried Electric Ltd. Protection class: I Testing equipment: TESTDEVICE D6, Metaframe, measuring chaits as given in IEC 60974-4. Mains voltage Limit Measured values Visual inspection OK OK Protective conductor resistance OK Imit Visual inspection OK Imit Protective circuit (500 V) R _{S-P} $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Imit • Supply circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V) R _{S-P} $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Imit • Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) R _{S-W,C} $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Imit • Supply circuit/ Weiding circuit, control circuit (500 V) R _{S-W,C} $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Imit • Condition ^a Imit Imit Imit Imit Imit • Conductor IpE $\leq 10 mA_{rm.s}$ ΩmA Imit Imit • Conducto		(mormative)						
Test report Company: Sample Ltd. Location: London Torcemport 15 B4 Equipment: Arc welding power source Type: Freefried N: 123456 Manufacturer: Freefried Electric Ltd. Protection class: I Testing equipment: TESTDEVICE D6, Metaframe, measured coulds as given in IEC 60974-4. Mains voltage Imms 230 Test point: Limit Measured values Visual inspection OK Protective conductor resistance OK RpE $\leq 0, 3 \Omega$ 0.02 Ω Insulation resistance Imm Supply circuit/ $R_{p.P}$ $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Protective circuit (500 V) $R_{S,P}$ $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Supply circuit/ $R_{S,W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Protective circuit (500 V) $R_{S,W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Supply circuit/ $R_{p.R,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Protective conductor I_{PE} $\leq 10 mA_{r,m,s}$ $0.04 mA$ Condition ^a I_T $\leq 0,05 I_{tmax} A$ $0.04 mA$ Velding circui	com	-5	air	er rep	eport afte	e of a test r	Example	
Company: Sample Ltd.Location: London Torcer (1) (11) 5 B4Equipment: Arc welding power sourceType: FreefriedN: 123456Manufacturer: Freefried Electric Ltd.Protection class: 1Testing equipment: TESTDEVICE D6, Metaframe, measured counts as given in IEC 60974-4.Mains voltageImitTest point:LimitVisual inspection R_{PE} $\leq 0.3 \Omega$ 0,02 Ω Insulation resistance R_{PE} $\leq 0.3 \Omega$ 0,02 Ω Insulation resistance R_{PE} $\leq 2.5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Protective circuit (500 V) \geq Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) \geq Supply circuit/ $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 25 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \geq Supply circuit/ $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \leq Supply circuit/ $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \leq Supply circuit/ $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \leq Supply circuit/ control circuit (500 V) \leq Supply circuit/ $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \leq Supply circuit/ R_{PE} $\leq 10 mA_{r,m,s}$ $=$ Conductor I_T $\leq 0.5 I_{1max} A$ N/A \leq Supply circuit touch current ^a \leq Cost A_{PE} \leq Supply circuit I_T $\leq 0.5 MA_{r,m,s}$ $\leq 0.05 I_{1max} A$ N/A \leq Supply circuit touch curr		udes.						Test report
Equipment: Arc welding power sourceType: FreefriedN: 123456Manufacturer: Freefried Electric Ltd.Protection class: ITesting equipment: TESTDEVICE D6, Metaframe, measuring clocks as given in IEC 60974-4.Mains voltage $L_{m.s}$ 230LimitMeasured valuesVisual inspectionR _{PE} $\leq 0,3 \Omega$ 0,02 Ω Insulation resistanceSupply circuit/ Protective conductor (500 V)Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V)Supply circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V)Protective circuit (500 V)Supply circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V)Protective circuit (500 V)Supply circuit/ Current*Protective circuit (500 V)Protective circuit (500 V)Supply circuit/ Current*Protective circuit (500 V)Protective circuit (500 V) <td></td> <td>H15 B4</td> <td>M SM</td> <td>don Torci</td> <td>Location: Lond</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Company: Sample Ltd.</td>		H15 B4	M SM	don Torci	Location: Lond			Company: Sample Ltd.
Manufacturer: Freefried Electric Ltd. Protection class: I Testing equipment: TESTDEVICE D6, Metaframe, measuring chaits as given in IEC 60974-4. Mains voltage Imms 230 Test point: Limit Measured values Visual inspection OK Protective conductor resistance OK Insulation resistance Imms - Supply circuit/ $R_{p.E}$ $\geq 0.3 \Omega$ 0.02Ω Insulation resistance Imms Imms - Supply circuit/ $R_{S.P.}$ $\geq 2.5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{W,C-P}$ $\geq 2.5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Supply circuit/ $R_{S.W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Supply circuit/ $R_{S.W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Fortective conductor I_{PE} $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$ $2 mA$ - Current* I_T $\leq 0.5 mA_{r.m.s}$ $0.04 mA$ - Equipment with reinforced protective conductor* I_T $\leq 0.05 I_{imax} A$ N/A - Equipment with reinforced protective conductor* I_T $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$		123456	N : 123	2	efried	Type: Fre	er source	Equipment: Arc welding powe
Testing equipment: TESTDEVICE D6, Metaframe, measure colliss as given in IEC 60974-4.Mains voltage230Test point:LimitMeasured valuesVisual inspectionOKProtective conductor resistanceImit R_{PE} $\leq 0,3 \Omega$ $0,02 \Omega$ Insulation resistance \circ Supply circuit/ protective circuit (500 V) R_{S-P} $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \circ Welding circuit, control circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V) $R_{W,C-P}$ $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \circ Supply circuit/ welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \circ Supply circuit/ welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \circ Supply circuit/ welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ \circ Supply circuit/ welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) I_{PE} $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$ $2 mA$ \bullet Current a conditiona I_T $\leq 0,5 mA_{r.m.s}$ $0,04 mA$ \cdot Equipment with reinforced protective conductora I_T $\leq 0,05 I_{imax} A$ N/AWelding circuit touch currenta I_T $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$ $0,056 mA$ \bullet I_T $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$ $0,056 mA$		ection class: I	Protectio	10	chl	L.	tric Ltd.	Manufacturer: Freefried Elec
Mains voltageImm.s230Test point:LimitMeasured valuesVisual inspectionOKProtective conductor resistanceOKRpE $\leq 0,3 \Omega$ 0,02 Ω Insulation resistanceSupply circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V) R_{S-P} $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ • Welding circuit, control circuit/ Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Protective circuit Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ Protective conductor circuit (500 V) I_{PE} $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$ $2 mA$ Protective conductor currenta I_{T} $\leq 0,5 mA_{r.m.s}$ $0,04 mA$ Conditiona I_{T} $\leq 0,05 I_{1max} A$ N/AWelding circuit touch currenta I_{T} $\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}$ $0,056 mA$ Welding circuit touch currenta U_{0} $\leq 68 V_{peak}$ N/A)974-4.	IEC 60974	given in	inh circuits as	taframe, measur	VICE D6, Met	Testing equipment: TESTDE
Mains voltage $I_{\rm m.s}$ 230Test point:LimitMeasured valuesVisual inspectionOKProtective conductor resistanceOKInsulation resistanceImage: Constraint of the second s				-	14 .	INNN		
Test point:LimitMeasured valuesVisual inspectionOKProtective conductor resistance R_{PE} $\leq 0,3 \Omega$ 0,02 Ω Insulation resistance Supply circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V) R_{S-P} $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Welding circuit, control circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V) $R_{W,C-P}$ $\geq 2,5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Supply circuit/ Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Supply circuit/ Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $\geq 5 M\Omega$ $\geq 20 M\Omega$ - Supply circuit/ welding circuit, control circuit (500 V) $R_{S-W,C}$ $PE\geq 10 mA_{r.m.s}0,04 mA- Couch current in normalconditionaI_TT_T\leq 0,5 mA_{r.m.s}0,05 I_{1max} A0,04 mA- Equipment withreinforced protectiveconductoraI_TT_T\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}0,056 mAWelding circuit touch currentaII_T\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}0,056 mAWelding circuit touch currentaII_T\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}II_TWelding circuit touch currentaII_T\leq 10 mA_{r.m.s}I_TII_TWith\sum_{mark}U_0I_T\leq 68 V_{peak}N/A$					230	V r.m.s	40	Mains voltage
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Protective conductor resistanceImage: second sec					ОК			Visual inspection
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c } \hline R_{\rm PE} & \leq 0,3 \ \Omega & 0,02 \ \Omega & & & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Insulation resistance} & & & & & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Supply circuit/} & R_{\rm S.P} & & \geq 2,5 \ M\Omega & & \geq 20 \ M\Omega & & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit, control} & R_{\rm W,C-P} & & \geq 2,5 \ M\Omega & & \geq 20 \ M\Omega & & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit/} & \mbox{roticuti/} & \mbox{Protective circuit} & (500 \ V) & \\ \hline \mbox{Supply circuit/} & \mbox{R}_{\rm S.W,C} & & \geq 5 \ M\Omega & & \geq 20 \ M\Omega & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Protective conductor} & I_{\rm PE} & & \leq 10 \ mA_{\rm r.m.s} & 2 \ mA & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Touch current in normal} & I_{\rm T} & & \leq 0,5 \ mA_{\rm r.m.s} & \\ \hline \mbox{Touch current with} & I_{\rm T} & & \leq 0,5 \ MA & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Fequipment with} & I_{\rm T} & & \leq 0,05 \ I_{1max} \ A & \ N/A & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current^a} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current^a} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current^a} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current^a} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & & \\ \hline \mbox{Welding circuit touch current} & & \\ \hline \m$							ance	Protective conductor resist
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c } \hline Insulation resistance & & I & I & I & I & I & I & I & I &$					0,02 Ω	\leq 0,3 Ω	R _{PE}	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								Insulation resistance
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c } \hline & \mbox{Welding circuit, control} & R_{W,C-P} & \mbox{\geq 2,5 M\Omega$} & \mbox{$\geq$ 20 M\Omega$} & \mbox{$\leq$ 10 M\Omega$} & \mbox{$\leq$ 20 M\Omega$}$					≥ 20 MΩ	≥ 2,5 MΩ	R _{S-P}	- Supply circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c } & - & \text{Supply circuit}/ & R_{\text{S-W,C}} & \geq 5 \text{ M}\Omega & \geq 20 \text{ M}\Omega & & & & \\ \hline & \text{Welding circuit, control} & I_{\text{PE}} & \leq 10 \text{ mA}_{\text{r.m.s}} & 2 \text{ mA} & & & \\ \hline & \text{Protective conductor} & I_{\text{PE}} & \leq 10 \text{ mA}_{\text{r.m.s}} & 2 \text{ mA} & & & \\ \hline & \text{Touch current in normal} & I_{\text{T}} & & \leq 0,5 \text{ mA}_{\text{r.m.s}} & \\ \hline & \text{condition}^{\text{a}} & I_{\text{T}} & & \leq 0,5 \text{ mA}_{\text{r.m.s}} & \\ \hline & \text{o,04 mA} & & & \\ \hline & \text{einforced protective} & I_{\text{T}} & & \leq 0,05 I_{1\text{max}} \text{ A} & \text{N/A} & & \\ \hline & \text{Welding circuit touch current}^{\text{a}} & & & & \\ \hline & I_{\text{T}} & & \leq 10 \text{ mA}_{\text{r.m.s}} & 0,056 \text{ mA} & & \\ \hline & \text{No-load voltage} & & & & \\ \hline & \text{With } & \text{S}_{\text{mark}} & U_{0} & & \leq 68 \text{ V}_{\text{peak}} & \text{N/A} & & \\ \hline \end{array}$					\geq 20 M Ω	\geq 2,5 M Ω	R _{W,C-P}	 Welding circuit, control circuit/ Protective circuit (500 V)
Protective conductor current ^a I_{PE} $\leq 10 \text{ mA}_{r.m.s}$ 2 mA Touch current in normal condition ^a I_T $\leq 0.5 \text{ mA}_{r.m.s}$ 0.04 mA - Equipment with reinforced protective conductor ^a I_T $\leq 0.05 I_{1max} \text{ A}$ N/AWelding circuit touch current ^a I_T $\leq 10 \text{ mA}_{r.m.s}$ 0.056 mA Mo-load voltage $$ I_T $\leq 68 V_{peak}$ N/A					\geq 20 M Ω	$\geq 5 \ M\Omega$	R _{S-W,C}	 Supply circuit/ Welding circuit, control circuit (500 V)
Touch current in normal conditiona I_T $\leq 0.5 \text{ mA}_{r.m.s}$ $\boxed{0.04 \text{ mA}}$ - Equipment with reinforced protective conductora I_T $\leq 0.05 I_{1max} \text{ A}$ N/A $\boxed{0.04 \text{ mA}}$ Welding circuit touch currenta I_T $\leq 10 \text{ mA}_{r.m.s}$ 0.056 mA $\boxed{0.056 \text{ mA}}$ No-load voltage $\boxed{0.056 \text{ mA}}$ $\boxed{0.056 \text{ mA}}$ With s_{mark} U_0 $\leq 68 \text{ V}_{peak}$ N/A					2 mA	\leq 10 mA _{r.m.s}	I _{PE}	Protective conductor current ^a
conditiona0,04 mA- Equipment with reinforced protective conductora $I_{\rm T}$ $\leq 0,05 I_{1max}$ AN/AWelding circuit touch currentaImage: Constant of the second sec						≤ 0,5 mA _{r.m.s}	Ι _T	Touch current in normal
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c } - & Equipment with & I_{T} & \leq 0,05 \ I_{1max} \ A & N/A & \\ \hline reinforced protective \\ conductor^{a} & & \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline$					0,04 mA			condition ^a
Welding circuit touch current ^a Image: Constraint of the second sec					N/A	\leq 0,05 I_{1max} A	Ι _Τ	 Equipment with reinforced protective conductor^a
$I_{\rm T}$ $\leq 10 \text{ mA}_{\rm r.m.s}$ 0,056 mAImage: Constraint of the second secon							nt ^a	Welding circuit touch curre
No-load voltage Image: Constraint of the second seco					0,056 mA	≤ 10 mA _{r.m.s}	Ι _T	
With Smark U0 ≤68 Vpeak N/A								No-load voltage
					N/A	≤68 V _{peak}	U ₀	
$U_0 \leq 113 V_{\text{peak}} \text{N/A} $					N/A	≤113 V _{peak}	U_0	
Without \mathbf{S}_{mark} $U_0 \leq 113 \text{ V}_{\text{peak}}$ 110 V					110 V	≤113 V _{peak}	U ₀	Without Smc
U_0 $\leq 113 V_{peak}$ N/A					N/A	≤113 V _{peak}	U_{0}	without imark
Functional test ok					ok			Functional test
Test passed					\boxtimes			Test passed
Test personnel name Myself					Myself			Test personnel name
Test personnel signature Me					Me			Test personnel signature
Date 03-03-14					03-03-14			Date

Remarks (result of visual inspection or functional test): None _____

 Testing company: Checkmates Limited

 Address: London Weldshire WG3 A7

Repair: replacement of broken main switch_____

N/A: Not applicable to the repair according to the investigator _____

^a optional measurements

- 16 -

Annex C

(informative)



the corrective measure when necessary.

The report should enable the owner to make the appropriate decision regarding continued use of the equipment.

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