

BS EN ISO 10545-4:2014



BSI Standards Publication

## Ceramic tiles

Part 4: Determination of modulus of rupture and breaking strength

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### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 10545-4:2014. It supersedes BS EN ISO 10545-4:2012 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee B/539, Ceramic tiles and other rigid tiling.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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### Amendments issued since publication

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English Version

Ceramic tiles - Part 4: Determination of modulus of rupture and  
breaking strength (ISO 10545-4:2014)

Carreaux et dalles céramiques - Partie 4: Détermination de  
la résistance à la flexion et de la force de rupture (ISO  
10545-4:2014)

Keramische Fliesen und Platten - Teil 4: Bestimmung der  
Biegefestigkeit und der Bruchlast (ISO 10545-4:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 June 2014.

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EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 10545-4:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 109 "Ceramic tile" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 67 "Ceramic tiles" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

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### Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 10545-4:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 10545-4:2014 without any modification.

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## Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 189, *Ceramic Tiles*, Subcommittee SC 1.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 10545-4:2004), which has been technically revised.

ISO 10545 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Ceramic Tiles*:

- Part 1: *Sampling and basis for acceptance*
- Part 2: *Determination of dimensions and surface quality*
- Part 3: *Determination of water absorption, apparent porosity, apparent relative density and bulk density*
- Part 4: *Determination of modulus of rupture and breaking strength*
- Part 5: *Determination of impact resistance by measurement of coefficient of restitution*
- Part 6: *Determination of resistance to deep abrasion for unglazed tiles*
- Part 7: *Determination of resistance to surface abrasion for glazed tiles*
- Part 8: *Determination of linear thermal expansion*
- Part 9: *Determination of resistance to thermal shock*
- Part 10: *Determination of moisture expansion*
- Part 11: *Determination of crazing resistance for glazed tiles*
- Part 12: *Determination of frost resistance*
- Part 13: *Determination of chemical resistance*
- Part 14: *Determination of resistance to stains*

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- *Part 15: Determination of lead and cadmium given off by glazed tiles*
- *Part 16: Determination of small colour differences*

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## Ceramic tiles —

### Part 4:

## Determination of modulus of rupture and breaking strength

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 10545 specifies a test method for determining the modulus of rupture and breaking strength of all ceramic tiles.

NOTE ISO 13006 provides property requirements for tiles and other useful information on these products.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 48:2010, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of hardness (hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)*

ISO 13006, *Ceramic tiles — Definitions, classification, characteristics and marking*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1

##### breaking load

$F$

force necessary to cause the test specimen to break, as read from the pressure gauge

Note 1 to entry: See [7.5](#) and [Figure 1](#).

Note 2 to entry: The breaking load is expressed in newtons.

#### 3.2

##### breaking strength

$S$

force obtained by multiplying the breaking load by the ratio (span between support rods)/(width of the test specimen)

Note 1 to entry: See Formula (1) in [Clause 8](#).

Note 2 to entry: The breaking strength is expressed in newtons

#### 3.3

##### modulus of rupture

$R$

quantity obtained by dividing the calculated breaking strength by the square of the minimum thickness along the broken edge

Note 1 to entry: See Formula (2) in [Clause 8](#).

Note 2 to entry: The modulus of rupture is expressed in newtons per square millimetre.

## 4 Principle

Determination of the breaking load, breaking strength, and modulus of rupture of a tile by applying a force at a specified rate to the centre of the tile, the point of application being in contact with the proper surface of the tile.

## 5 Apparatus

**5.1 Drying oven**, capable of being operated at  $(110 \pm 1)^\circ\text{C}$ .

Microwave, infrared or other drying systems can be used provided that it has been determined that equal results are obtained.

**5.2 Recording pressure gauge**, accurate to 2,0 %.

**5.3 Two cylindrical support rods**, made of metal, the parts in contact with the test specimens being covered with rubber having a hardness of  $(50 \pm 5)$  IRHD, measured in accordance with ISO 48.

One rod shall be slightly pivotable (see [Figure 2](#)) and the other shall be slightly rotatable about its own axis. See [Table 1](#) for relevant dimensions.

**5.4 Central cylindrical rod**, of the same diameter as the support rods ([5.3](#)) and covered with the same rubber, for transmission of the load.

This rod shall also be slightly pivotable (see [Figure 2](#)). See [Table 1](#) for relevant dimensions.

**Table 1 — Diameter of rods,  $d$ , thickness of rubber,  $t$ , and overlap of tile beyond the edge supports,  $l_1$**

Dimensions of tile, $L$ mm	Diameter of rod, $d$ mm	Thickness of rubber, $T$ mm	Overlap of tile beyond the edge supports, $l_1$ mm
$18 \leq L < 48$	$5 \pm 1$	$1 \pm 0,2$	2
$48 \leq L < 95$	$10 \pm 1$	$2,5 \pm 0,5$	5
$L \geq 95$	$20 \pm 1$	$5 \pm 1$	10

## 6 Test specimens

**6.1** Select the specimens at random from the lot to be tested. Whenever possible, whole tiles shall be tested. However, it might be necessary to cut exceptionally large tiles (that is, those greater than 600 mm in length) and some non-rectangular shapes in order to fit them in the apparatus. Rectangular test specimens of the largest possible size shall then be cut, having their centres coinciding with the centres of the tiles. In case of doubt, results obtained using whole tiles shall always be preferred to results obtained with cut tiles. If cut tiles are used, it shall be noted in the test report.

NOTE Tiles up to 600 mm are tested as is. If the tile is greater than 600 mm, the tile is cut and the dimensional ratio of the original tile is maintained in the cut piece.

**6.2** The minimum number of test specimens for each sample is given in [Table 2](#).

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Table 2 — Minimum number of test specimens

Dimension of tile <i>L</i> mm	Minimum number of test specimens
$18 < L \leq 48$	16
$48 < L < 1000$	7
$L > 1000$	5

## 7 Procedure

7.1 Remove any loosely adhering particles from the back of all test specimens with a stiff brush. Dry each test specimens in the drying oven (5.1) maintained over 105 °C during at least 24 h, and let them cool until they reach room temperature. Test specimens shall be tested not later than 3 h after they have reached room temperature.

7.2 Place a test specimen on the support rods (5.3), with the glazed or proper surface uppermost so that the test specimen projects by a length  $l_1$  (see Table 1 and Figure 1) beyond each support rod.

7.3 In the case of reversible tiles, such as unglazed ceramic mosaic tiles, it does not matter which side of the tile is uppermost. For extruded tiles, place the test specimen so that the projecting ribs are at right angles to the support rods. For all other rectangular tiles, place the test specimens so that the longer side,  $L$ , is at right angles to the support rods.

7.4 For tiles with a relief surface, place a second layer of rubber, of the appropriate thickness given in Table 1, on the central rod (5.4) in contact with the relief surface.

7.5 Position the central rod equidistant between the support rods. Apply the load evenly in such a way as to obtain a rate of increase in stress of  $(1 \pm 0,2)$  N/mm<sup>2</sup> per second; the actual rate per second can be calculated by Formula (2) given in Clause 8. Record the breaking load  $F$ .

## 8 Calculation

Use only the results for test specimens that break within a central portion of length equivalent to one third of the distance between the supporting rods to calculate the mean breaking strength and the mean modulus of rupture. A minimum of five acceptable results is necessary to calculate the mean value.

If there are fewer than five acceptable results, a second sample shall be tested consisting of twice the number of tiles. A minimum of 10 acceptable results is then required to calculate the average value.

The breaking strength,  $S$ , expressed in newtons, is calculated by means of Formula (1):

$$S = \frac{Fl_2}{b} \quad (1)$$

where

$F$  is the breaking load, expressed in newtons;

$l_2$  is the span between the support rods (see Figure 1), in mm;

$b$  is the width of the test specimen, in mm.

The modulus of rupture,  $R$ , expressed in newtons per square millimetre, is calculated by means of Formula (2):

$$R = \frac{3Fl_2}{2bh^2} = \frac{3S}{2h^2}$$

where

- $F$  is the breaking load, expressed in newtons;
- $l_2$  is the span between the support rods (see [Figure 1](#)), in mm;
- $b$  is the width of the test specimen, in mm;
- $h$  is the minimum thickness of the test specimen measured after the test along the broken edge, in mm.

The calculation of the modulus of rupture is based on a rectangular cross-section. In the case of tiles with variable thickness along the broken edge, approximate results only are produced. The shallower the relief, the more exact are the approximations.

Record all individual results.

Calculate the mean breaking strength and the mean modulus of rupture of the sample as the mean of the acceptable results.

## 9 Test report

The test report shall include the following information:

- a) reference to this part of ISO 10545;
- b) description of the tiles, including relief surface, if any;
- c) number of test specimens in the sample;
- d) the values of  $d$ ,  $t$ ,  $l_1$ , and  $l_2$  (see [Figure 1](#));
- e) the breaking load,  $F$ , of each test specimen;
- f) the mean breaking load;
- g) the breaking strength,  $S$ , of each test specimen;
- h) the mean value of the breaking strength;
- i) the modulus of rupture,  $R$ , of each test specimen;
- j) the mean value of the modulus of rupture;
- k) the note "test performed on cut tiles" when applicable.

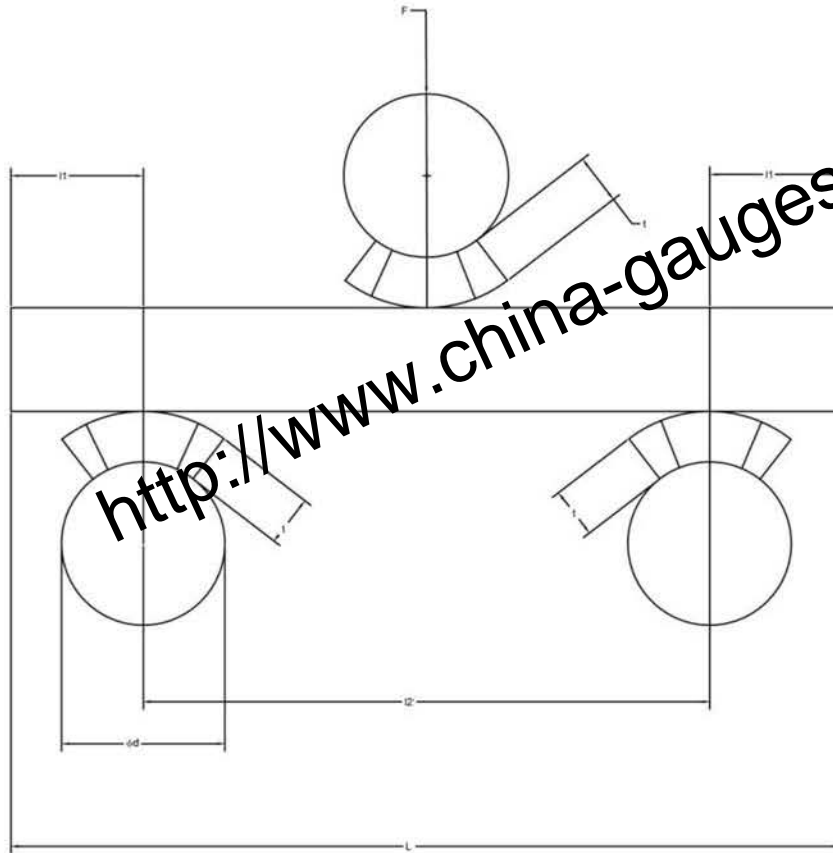


Figure 1 — Application of load to test specimen

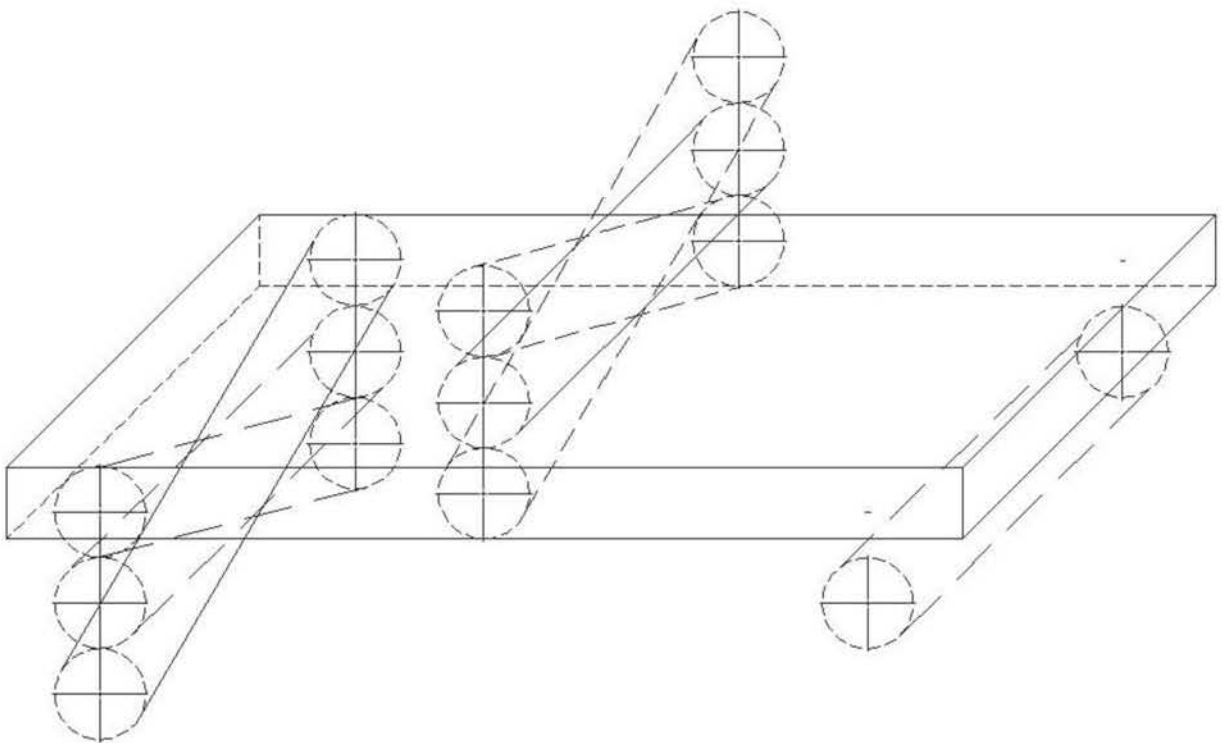


Figure 2 — Allowable movement of rods



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